



STATE BOARD of ELEMENTARY and SECONDARY EDUCATION

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October 13, 2025

MEMORANDUM

TO: Senator Cameron Henry, Senate President
Representative Phillip DeVillier, Speaker of the House
Senator Rick Edmonds, Chair, Senate Committee on Education
Representative Laurie Schlegel, Chair, House Committee on Education

FROM: Tavares A. Walker, Executive Director
Board of Elementary and Secondary Education

RE: Summary Report on Board of Elementary and Secondary Education Proposed Rulemaking

Pursuant to R.S. 49:968(D)(1)(b), the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education hereby submits to you this summary report and announces its plan to proceed with rulemaking by finalizing the September 20, 2025, Notice of Intent that was promulgated on pages 1406-1411 of the *Louisiana Register*.

The Board has received no public comments and has not conducted a hearing pursuant to R.S. 49:953(A)(2)(a).

The Board has made no change to the proposed Rule.

Subject to legislative oversight by either the House Committee on Education or Senate Committee on Education, the Board anticipates adopting the Notice of Intent as a final Rule in the December 20, 2025, issue of the *Louisiana Register*.

The following document is attached:

1. A copy of the Notice of Intent.

Please contact Max Dupuy at (225) 342-5840 if the Board may be of any assistance to you concerning this Rule.

TAW:med

Attachment (1)

Tavares A. Walker
Executive Director

Dr. Cade Brumley
State Superintendent

- c: Caroline Tyler, Secretary, Senate Committee on Education
Elizabeth Borne, Legislative Analyst, House Committee on Education
Lisa Lovello, Legislative Analyst, House Committee on Education
Ashley Townsend, Policy Director, Louisiana Department of Education
Max Dupuy, Records Management Administrator, BESE

scholarship and other publicly funded federal aid, up to the cost of tuition and mandatory fees or a given percentage of the MRP. LDOE will be required to provide additional calculations to support this provision, and this work will be accomplished using existing resources.

II. ESTIMATED EFFECT ON REVENUE COLLECTIONS OF STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS (Summary)

Changes regarding the hiring of transportation network companies to comply with Act 42 may increase the number of background checks performed, the Office of State Police (OSP) may realize an indeterminable, but not likely to be significant, increase in SGR. The proposed rule requires a transportation network employee transporting students under proposed legislation must complete a national and state fingerprint-based criminal background check through the Bureau of Criminal Identification and Information in OSP pursuant to R.S. 15:587.1 and R.S. 17:15(A)(1)(c). OSP charges \$31 for state background checks and \$12 for federal background checks. OSP retains \$2 of the \$12 fee charged for the federal background checks and remits the remainder to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. Concerning Act 403, the rule change does not impact the value of or eligibility for the nonrefundable income tax credit that taxpayers receive for donations to STOs.

III. ESTIMATED COSTS AND/OR ECONOMIC BENEFITS TO DIRECTLY AFFECTED PERSONS OR NONGOVERNMENTAL GROUPS (Summary)

Act 403 and its accompanying rule change will allow families to receive additional tuition funding sources for use in the LA GATOR Scholarship Program.

IV. ESTIMATED EFFECT ON COMPETITION AND EMPLOYMENT (Summary)

Act 42 and its accompanying rule change may increase competition and employment as transportation network companies may be contracted to provide transportation services in certain situations.

Beth Scioneaux
Deputy Superintendent
2509#064

Patrice Thomas
Deputy Fiscal Officer
Legislative Fiscal Office

NOTICE OF INTENT

Board of Elementary and Secondary Education

Safe Learning Environments
(LAC 28:XLIII.301 and Chapter 5;
LAC 28:CXV.331 and 332)

In accordance with the provisions of R.S. 17:6(A)(10) and the Administrative Procedure Act (APA), R.S. 49:953(B)(1) et seq., the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) proposes to amend LAC 28:XLIII in *Bulletin 1706—Regulations for Implementation of the Children with Exceptionalities Act* and LAC 28:CXV in *Bulletin 741—Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators*. Act 479 of the 2025 Regular Legislative Session implemented regulations that require revisions to BESE policy regarding the use of seclusion and restraint to provide for increased oversight and safety. The Act also establishes annual reporting criteria, mandates installation of cameras in certain special education classrooms, and requires that teachers receive instruction in crisis intervention strategies. Further revisions provide language alignment and clarification as well as technical edits.

Title 28 EDUCATION

Part XLIII. Bulletin 1706—Regulations for Implementation of the Children with Exceptionalities Act

Chapter 3. Evaluations, Eligibility Determinations, Individualized Education Programs, and Educational Placements

Subchapter A. Parental Consent

§301. Parental Consent

A. - A.3.b. ...

4. Within a reasonable amount of time, and not longer than 10 business days, from receipt of a written parental request for a special education evaluation, an LEA shall either request parental consent for evaluation or provide prior written notice of refusal.

B. - D.4. ...

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:1941 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 34:2058 (October 2008), amended LR 36:1502 (July 2010), LR 50:1151 (August 2024), LR 51:

Chapter 5. Procedural Safeguards

Subchapter C. Seclusion and Physical Restraint

§540. Definitions as Used in this Subchapter

A. - A.8. Repealed.

Crisis Intervention—the implementation of an action plan for school personnel to use when a student exhibits disruptive behaviors that prevent the student from participating in classroom or daily activities. Information about a school's use of crisis intervention, including the proper use of seclusion and physical restraint, shall be included in the school's student handbook and made available to the parent and legal guardian of each student with an IEP or Behavioral Intervention Plan (BIP). Crisis intervention may include the following:

1. the use of positive behavioral supports and sensory rooms or other calming spaces intentionally designed to help comfort and stabilize a student in order that the student may return to the classroom or daily activities;

2. in extraordinary cases, the use of seclusion and physical restraint as a means to safely de-escalate a situation in which a student poses a risk of imminent harm to self or others.

Imminent Risk of Harm—an immediate and impending threat of a person causing substantial injury to self or others.

Mechanical Restraint—the application of any device or object used to limit a person's movement, but does not include:

1. a protective or stabilizing device used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions for proper use and which is used in compliance with orders issued by an appropriately licensed health care provider; or

2. any device used by a duly licensed law enforcement officer in the execution of his official duties.

Physical Restraint—the use of manual restraint techniques that involve physical force applied to restrict the movement of all or part of a person's body, but does not include:

1. consensual, solicited, or unintentional contact;
2. momentary blocking of a student's action if said action is likely to result in harm to the student or any other person;
3. a school employee holding a student for less than three consecutive minutes within any given hour for the protection of the student or others;
4. holding of a student, by one school employee, for the purpose of calming or comforting the student, provided the student's freedom of movement or normal access to his or her body is not restricted; or
5. minimal physical contact for the purpose of safely escorting a student from one area to another; or
6. minimal physical contact for the purpose of assisting the student in completing a task or response.

Positive Behavioral Interventions and Support—a systematic approach to embed evidence-based practices and data-driven decision making when addressing student behavior in order to improve school climate.

Seclusion—a procedure that isolates and confines a student in a designated separate room or area until the student is no longer an imminent risk of harm to self or others.

Seclusion Room—a room or other confined area, used on an individual basis, in which a student is removed from the regular classroom setting for a limited time to allow the student the opportunity to regain control in a safe, secure, and supervised setting and from which the student is involuntarily prevented from leaving, until the student is no longer at risk of imminent harm to self or others. A seclusion room shall;

1. be free of any object that poses a danger to the student placed in the room;
2. have an observation window and be of a size that is appropriate for the student's size, behavior, and chronological and developmental age; and
3. have heating, cooling, ventilation, and lighting systems and a ceiling height comparable to operating classrooms in the school.

School Employee—a teacher, paraprofessional, administrator, support staff member, or a provider of related services.

School Health Designee—a school employee designated to assess the use of seclusion and physical restraint in the event that a school nurse is not present on a school campus at the time such measure is used.

Sensory Room—a room or space that is used for the monitored or timeout space. The appropriate use of sensory rooms shall not be considered seclusion, which shall only be used for the limited purpose of responding to a student posing an imminent risk of harm to self or others.

Written Guidelines and Procedures—the written guidelines and procedures adopted by a public school governing authority regarding appropriate responses to student behavior that may require immediate intervention.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 38:1006 (April 2012), amended LR 42:2177 (December 2016), LR 51:

§541. Use of Seclusion

- A. Seclusion shall be used only:

1. for student behaviors that involve an imminent risk of harm to self or others;
2. as a last resort when de-escalation and other positive behavioral interventions and support attempts have failed and the student continues to pose an imminent risk of harm to self or others.

B. Seclusion shall not be used as a routine school safety, discipline, or intervention measure or to address behaviors such as general noncompliance, self-stimulation, and academic refusal, and other behaviors that, while disruptive to a classroom setting or other daily school activities, do not present an imminent risk of harm to self or others. School employees shall respond to such behaviors with less stringent and less restrictive techniques, such as those included in a school or student crisis intervention plan or a student's IEP or BIP.

C. A seclusion room shall be used only as a last resort and when less restrictive crisis intervention measures, such as positive behavioral supports, constructive and non-physical de-escalation, and restructuring of a student's environment, have failed to stop a student's actions that pose an imminent risk of harm to self or others.

D. A student shall be placed in a seclusion room only by a school employee who uses accepted methods of escorting a student to a seclusion room, placing a student in a seclusion room, and supervising a student while the student is in the seclusion room.

E. ...

F. - F.3. Repealed.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 38:1007 (April 2012), amended LR 51:

§542. Physical Restraint

A. - A.1. ...

2. to the degree necessary to stop dangerous behavior;
3. in a manner that causes no physical injury to the student, results in the least possible discomfort, and does not interfere in any way with a student's breathing or ability to communicate with others; and

4. by trained personnel, except in emergency situations in which there is not sufficient time to have trained personnel respond. Minimum training requirements shall be in accordance with §549 of this Subchapter.

B. - D. ...

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 38:1007 (April 2012), amended LR 51:

§543. Restrictions on the Use of Seclusion or Physical Restraint

A. ...

B. No school employee shall subject a student to unreasonable, unsafe, or unwarranted use of seclusion or physical restraint.

C. No school employee shall seclude or physically restrain a student who is known to have any medical or psychological condition that precludes such action, as certified by a licensed pediatrician, neurologist, or mental health provider in a written statement provided to the school in which the student is enrolled.

D. A school employee shall continuously monitor a student who is secluded or physically restrained for the duration of such seclusion or restraint.

E. A school employee shall release a student from seclusion and physical restraint as soon as the reasons for justifying such action have subsided.

F. Each principal or such designee shall notify each parent or legal guardian of a student enrolled at the school with an IEP of the prohibition of the use of seclusion and physical restraint if the student has a condition as provided in this Section. Such notification shall be made annually and be incorporated into the student's IEP.

F.1. - O. Repealed.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 38:1007 (April 2012), repromulgated LR 38:1225 (May 2012), amended LR 38:1404 (June 2012), LR 39:3261 (December 2013), LR 42:2177 (December 2016), LR 51:

§545. Seclusion and Restraint Post-Incident Requirements

A. Upon a student's release from seclusion or physical restraint, the following shall occur:

1. A school employee who secluded or physically restrained the student shall notify the school principal, and the principal or designee shall electronically notify the director or supervisor of special education as soon as is practicable but no later than one hour following the release of the student, or the end of the same school day, whichever occurs first.

2. A school employee who secluded or physically restrained the student or a school administrator shall notify the student's parent or legal guardian via a phone call as soon as is practicable, but no later than the end of the same school day.

3. A school nurse or school health designee shall visit the student as soon as possible, but no later than the end of the same school day, to look for and document any signs of injury or distress.

4. A school employee shall immediately notify the school principal and the director or supervisor of special education any time a student is secluded or physically restrained.

5. A school principal or his designee and the director or supervisor of special education shall review video and audio footage, if available, to ensure policies and proper techniques were followed during the incident.

B. A school employee who secluded or physically restrained a student shall document and report the incident in accordance with the policies adopted by the public school governing authority. The employee shall submit such report to the school principal by the end of the next school day. The principal or designee shall submit the report to the parent by the end of the next school day following receipt of the report. At a minimum, the incident report shall include the following:

1. the name, age, grade, gender, race, and disability of the student secluded or restrained;

2. the date, time, location, and duration of the seclusion or physical restraint;

3. the name and title of each school employee involved or any witness;

4. a description of the events requiring the use of seclusion or physical restraint, including a description of the procedures and types of restraint used, any actions taken in an attempt to de-escalate the situation, and the student's behavior that suggest the student posed an imminent risk of harm to self or others.

5. a description of any student injuries, visible marks, or medical emergencies that occurred during or after the seclusion or physical restraint;

6. a description of the actions taken immediately following the student's release from seclusion or physical restraint, including actions to notify the student's parent or legal guardian; and

7. a description of the student's actions immediately following the student's release from seclusion or restraint.

C. If a student is involved in three incidents in a school year involving the use of seclusion or physical restraint as a result of posing an imminent risk of harm to self or others, the special education teacher shall send prior written notice of the intention to call an IEP team meeting to the student's parent or legal guardian. At such meeting, the IEP team shall review and revise the student's BIP, including any crisis intervention plans, to include any appropriate and necessary behavioral supports. Thereafter, if the student's challenging behavior continues or escalates, requiring repeated use of seclusion or physical restraint, the director or supervisor of special education or designee shall review the student's plans at least once every three weeks.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 51:

§547. Policy and Reporting Requirements

A. Each public school governing authority shall adopt written guidelines and procedures regarding the following:

1. proper use of crisis intervention plans, including the use of positive behavioral interventions and support, sensory rooms, seclusion, and physical restraint, and how these strategies differ;

2. all seclusion and physical restraint safety, reporting, and notification requirements, including any follow-up procedures;

3. an explanation of the methods of physical restraint and the school employee training requirements relative to the use of restraint; and

4. an explanation of how school employees may utilize and be trained in a crisis intervention training program.

B. LEA guidelines and procedures shall be annually provided to all school employees, all parents and legal guardians of students with an exceptionality, and the LDOE by May 31, 2026, and prior to the start of each school year thereafter.

C. The guidelines and procedures shall also be annually submitted to the local special education advisory council, prior to the beginning of each school year.

D. At the beginning of each school year, each public school governing authority shall post on its website the guidelines and procedures adopted in accordance with this Subsection.

E. The LDOE shall maintain on its website, and annually distribute to public school governing authorities, updated guidance for recommended best practices relative to the use

of seclusion and physical restraint for students with exceptionalities.

F. The LDOE shall provide guidance to public school systems for establishing local guidelines and procedures. LEAs shall follow the incidents of seclusion and physical restraint reporting requirements in accordance with this Subsection, including specific data elements to be included in such reporting.

G. Each public school governing authority shall report all instances where seclusion or physical restraint is used to address student behavior to the LDOE.

H. The LDOE shall maintain a database of all reported incidents of seclusion and physical restraint of students with exceptionalities and shall disaggregate the data for analysis by school, student age, race, ethnicity, gender, and disability, where applicable, and any involved school employee(s).

1. Based upon the data collected, the LDOE shall annually compile a comprehensive report regarding the use of seclusion and physical restraint of students with exceptionalities. The report shall include the following:

a. the number of incidents of physical restraint disaggregated by school system, student age, race, ethnicity, gender, and student disability classification;

b. the number of incidents of seclusion disaggregated by school system, student age, race, ethnicity, gender, and student disability classification; and

c. a list of the school systems and charter schools that have complied with the reporting requirements in accordance with this Subsection.

2. The annual report shall be posted on the LDOE website and submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Education and the Special Education Advisory Panel.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 51:

§549. Training Requirements

A. Crisis intervention training programs used by LEAs shall include, at a minimum, the following:

1. Teach evidence-based techniques that are shown to be effective in the prevention and safe use of seclusion and physical restraint.

2. Provide evidence-based, competency-based skills training relating to positive support, conflict prevention, de-escalation, and crisis response techniques including but not limited to:

a. guidelines on understanding when there is an imminent danger of serious physical harm to a student or others and when to intervene in such a scenario;

b. an emphasis on safety and respect for the right and dignity of each person involved in an incident that involves the use of seclusion or physical restraint on a student;

c. an emphasis on using the least restrictive form of intervention and taking incremental steps in an intervention;

d. alternatives to the use of seclusion and restraint;

e. strategies for the safe implementation of restrictive interventions;

f. the use of emergency safety interventions that include continuous assessment and monitoring of the physical well-being of a student and the safe use of seclusion and physical restraint throughout the duration of a restrictive intervention;

g. prohibited actions relative to seclusion and physical restraint;

h. debriefing strategies and the importance and purpose of debriefing;

i. best practices for documentation of instances of the use of seclusion and physical restraint on a student;

j. measurable learning objectives for participants in the training;

k. an overview of seclusion rooms, sensory rooms, the differences between each, and authorizations and prohibitions relative to the use of such rooms in accordance with LEA guidelines and procedures and this Subsection.

3. Educators not trained to implement seclusion and restraint may receive professional learning in effective strategies for behavior management of students with disabilities and crisis intervention procedures.

B. The school principal shall designate such employees that are required to complete a training program when the local policy includes implementation procedures for seclusion and restraint.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S.17:7(5)(b) and 17:416.21.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 51:

Part CXV. Bulletin 741—Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators

Chapter 3. Operation and Administration

§331. Special Education Programs

A. - E.3. ...

4. The superintendent or administrative head of a charter school shall provide an annual report to the SEAC which shall include but not be limited to the following information regarding the school system or school:

a. ...

b. subgroup academic data on students receiving special education and related services;

c. compliance violations relative to special education requirements; and

d. the number of designated seclusion rooms as defined by R.S. 416.21.

5. - 6. ...

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 17:416.21 and R.S. 17:1941 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 31:1261 (June 2005), amended LR 39:2197 (August 2013), LR 51:62 (January 2025), LR 51:

§332. Installation and Operation of Cameras in Certain Special Education Settings

A. Each public school governing authority shall install a camera in each classroom as defined in R.S. 17:1948. Each LEA shall adopt policies relative to the installation and operation of cameras that record both video and audio in a classroom.

1. The policies shall be adopted within sixty days of the receipt of funding for the installation of cameras.

2. Each governing authority shall submit a copy of the policies adopted pursuant to this Section to the state Department of Education.

3. ...

B. For the purposes of this section, "classroom" shall mean a self-contained classroom or other special education setting in which a majority of students in regular attendance

are provided special education and related services and are assigned to one or more self-contained classrooms or other special education settings for at least fifty percent of the instructional day. "Classroom" shall not mean special education classrooms and other special education settings where the only students with exceptionalities receiving special education and related services are those who have been deemed to be gifted or talented and have not been identified as also having a disability.

C. - C.6. ...

7. - 8. Repealed.

9. ...

10. periodic verification that the camera is in operation, including that should the camera be out of operation for more than two consecutive school days, the school shall provide notice to parents of students in the affected classroom via normal school communication channels.

D. - E.3. ...

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 17:416.21 and R.S. 17:1948.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, LR 49:34 (January 2023), amended LR 51:63 (January 2025), LR 51:

Family Impact Statement

In accordance with Section 953 and 974 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, there is hereby submitted a Family Impact Statement on the Rule proposed for adoption, repeal or amendment. All Family Impact Statements shall be kept on file in the State Board Office which has adopted, amended, or repealed a rule in accordance with the applicable provisions of the law relating to public records.

1. Will the proposed Rule affect the stability of the family? No.

2. Will the proposed Rule affect the authority and rights of parents regarding the education and supervision of their children? No.

3. Will the proposed Rule affect the functioning of the family? No.

4. Will the proposed Rule affect family earnings and family budget? No.

5. Will the proposed Rule affect the behavior and personal responsibility of children? No.

6. Is the family or local government able to perform the function as contained in the proposed Rule? Yes.

Poverty Impact Statement

In accordance with Section 973 of Title 49 of the Louisiana Revised Statutes, there is hereby submitted a Poverty Impact Statement on the Rule proposed for adoption, amendment, or repeal. All Poverty Impact Statements shall be in writing and kept on file in the state agency which has adopted, amended, or repealed a rule in accordance with the applicable provisions of the law relating to public records. For the purposes of this Section, the word "poverty" means living at or below one hundred percent of the federal poverty line.

1. Will the proposed Rule affect the household income, assets, and financial authority? No.

2. Will the proposed Rule affect early childhood development and preschool through postsecondary education development? No.

3. Will the proposed Rule affect employment and workforce development? Yes.

4. Will the proposed Rule affect taxes and tax credits? No.

5. Will the proposed Rule affect child and dependent care, housing, health care, nutrition, transportation, and utilities assistance? No.

Small Business Analysis

The impact of the proposed Rule on small businesses as defined in the Regulatory Flexibility Act has been considered. It is estimated that the proposed action is not expected to have a significant adverse impact on small businesses. The agency, consistent with health, safety, environmental and economic welfare factors has considered and, where possible, utilized regulatory methods in the drafting of the proposed rule that will accomplish the objectives of applicable statutes while minimizing the adverse impact of the proposed Rule on small businesses.

Provider Impact Statement

The proposed Rule should not have any known or foreseeable impact on providers as defined by HCR 170 of 2014 Regular Legislative Session. In particular, there should be no known or foreseeable effect on:

1. the effect on the staffing level requirements or qualifications required to provide the same level of service;

2. the total direct and indirect effect on the cost to the providers to provide the same level of service; or

3. the overall effect on the ability of the provider to provide the same level of service.

Public Comments

Interested persons may submit written comments via the U.S. Mail until noon, October 10, 2025, to Tavares Walker, Executive Director, Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, Box 94064, Capitol Station, Baton Rouge, LA 70804-9064. Written comments may also be hand delivered to Tavares Walker, Executive Director, Board of Elementary and Secondary Education, Suite 5-190, 1201 North Third Street, Baton Rouge, LA 70802 and must be date stamped by the BESE office on the date received. Public comments must be dated and include the original signature of the person submitting the comments.

Tavares A. Walker
Executive Director

FISCAL AND ECONOMIC IMPACT STATEMENT FOR ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

RULE TITLE: Safe Learning Environments

I. ESTIMATED IMPLEMENTATION COSTS (SAVINGS) TO STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS (Summary)

The proposed rule change will result in implementation costs; however, as detailed below, these costs have existing funding sources. The proposed rule change updates LAC 28:CXV in *Bulletin 741—Louisiana Handbook for School Administrators* and LAC 28:XLIII in *Bulletin 1706—Regulations for Implementation of the Children with Exceptionalities Act*. Act 479 of the 2025 Regular Legislative Session implements regulations that require revisions regarding the use of seclusion and restraint of students and provides for increased oversight and safety. The Act also revises reporting requirements and laws concerning the installation of cameras in certain special education classrooms.

Legislation authorizes LDOE to create or approve a crisis intervention training program that can be completed by educators. The training program will be funded using existing

Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) set-aside funds. IDEA provides grants to assist states in meeting the excess costs of providing special education and related services to children with disabilities. These funds are reserved for a variety of specified activities such as support and direct services, technical assistance and personnel preparation, monitoring and mediation, and improving the use of technology in the classroom. Higher education institutions can incorporate this training into an existing course or courses to meet requirements concerning mandatory instruction in teacher education programs. This is expected to mitigate any increase in expenditures higher education institutions may have realized if they were required to develop or approve their own training program.

Public universities with teacher preparation programs may realize a nominal increase in workload to incorporate crisis intervention instruction into an existing course of study. Costs associated with adding an instruction requirement to existing courses are not anticipated to be significant, and due to requirements concerning training program development being borne by LDOE, an increase in expenditures for postsecondary education institutions is not anticipated as a result of the proposed rule change. Additionally, local school systems will have this training program available to them for training teachers and administrators who work with special education students. Depending on the training guidelines determined by BESE, local school system employees who work with special education students may realize an increase in training time as a result of proposed legislation. LDOE reports this training can be incorporated into existing teacher training requirements.

Changes to requirements concerning the placement of cameras in special education classrooms are not expected to increase expenditures as the legislature appropriated \$8 M in one-time funding to LDOE in FY 23 for implementation of Act 546 of the 2021 Regular Session which required cameras to be placed in special education classrooms when requested by a parent or legal guardian. At that time, the cost for installation of cameras in all special education classrooms statewide was estimated to total \$8 M (\$5,000 per classroom for 1,600 special education classrooms). Much of this funding is still available, as systems previously were not required to install a camera until a parent of a student in an impacted classroom requested one. An additional \$800,000 has been requested and granted in the LDOE budget each year since FY 23 for maintenance of the cameras. Local school systems have already been appropriated the funding necessary to implement this requirement.

II. ESTIMATED EFFECT ON REVENUE COLLECTIONS OF STATE OR LOCAL GOVERNMENTAL UNITS (Summary)

There is no anticipated effect on the revenue collections of state or local governmental units as a result of the proposed rule change.

III. ESTIMATED COSTS AND/OR ECONOMIC BENEFITS TO DIRECTLY AFFECTED PERSONS OR NONGOVERNMENTAL GROUPS (Summary)

There are no anticipated costs or benefits to directly affected persons, small business, or nongovernmental groups as a result of the proposed rule change.

IV. ESTIMATED EFFECT ON COMPETITION AND EMPLOYMENT (Summary)

There is no anticipated effect on competition and employment as a result of the proposed rule change.

Beth Scioneaux
Deputy Superintendent
2509#068

Patrice Thomas
Deputy Fiscal Officer
Legislative Fiscal Officer

NOTICE OF INTENT

Board of Regents Office of Student Financial Assistance

Scholarship/Grant Programs
2025 Legislation: Geaux Teach Program
(LAC 28:IV.2401)

The Board of Regents announces its intention to amend its Scholarship/Grant rules (R.S. 17:3021-3025, R.S. 3041.10-3041.15, R.S. 17:3042.1, R.S. 17:3048.1, R.S. 17:3048.5 and R.S. 17:3048.6).

This rulemaking implements the provisions of Act 59 of the 2025 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature with respect to the Geaux Teach Program. (SG26222NI)

Title 28

EDUCATION

Part IV. Student Financial Assistance—Higher Education Scholarship and Grant Programs

Chapter 24. Geaux Teach Program

§2401. General Provisions

A. - F. ...

G. Award Amount

1.a. The award amount shall be applied only to tuition, fees, textbooks, and instructional materials required for enrollment. Through the 2024-2025 academic year, Geaux Teach Program scholarships shall be awarded after all state and institutional financial aid are applied.

b. The award amount shall be applied only to tuition, fees, textbooks, and instructional materials required for enrollment. Beginning in the 2025-2026 academic year, Geaux Teach Program scholarships shall be awarded before all other state or institutional financial aid.

2. The maximum annual award amount shall be \$5,000.

3. Each postsecondary institution/provider shall determine the award amounts for eligible students attending teacher certification programs at that institution/provider based on the requirements in these rules, the allocation to the institution/provider, the institution's/provider's financial aid packaging policy for this program, and the guidance established by the board and published by LOSFA.

H. - K.2....

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 17:3047 et seq.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the by the Board of Regents, Office of Student Financial Assistance, LR 49:55 (January 2023), amended LR 51:

Family Impact Statement

The proposed Rule has no known impact on family formation, stability, or autonomy, as described in R.S. 49:972.

Poverty Impact Statement

The proposed rulemaking will have no impact on poverty as described in R.S. 49:973.

Small Business Analysis

The proposed Rule will have no adverse impact on small businesses as described in R.S. 49:965.2 et seq.